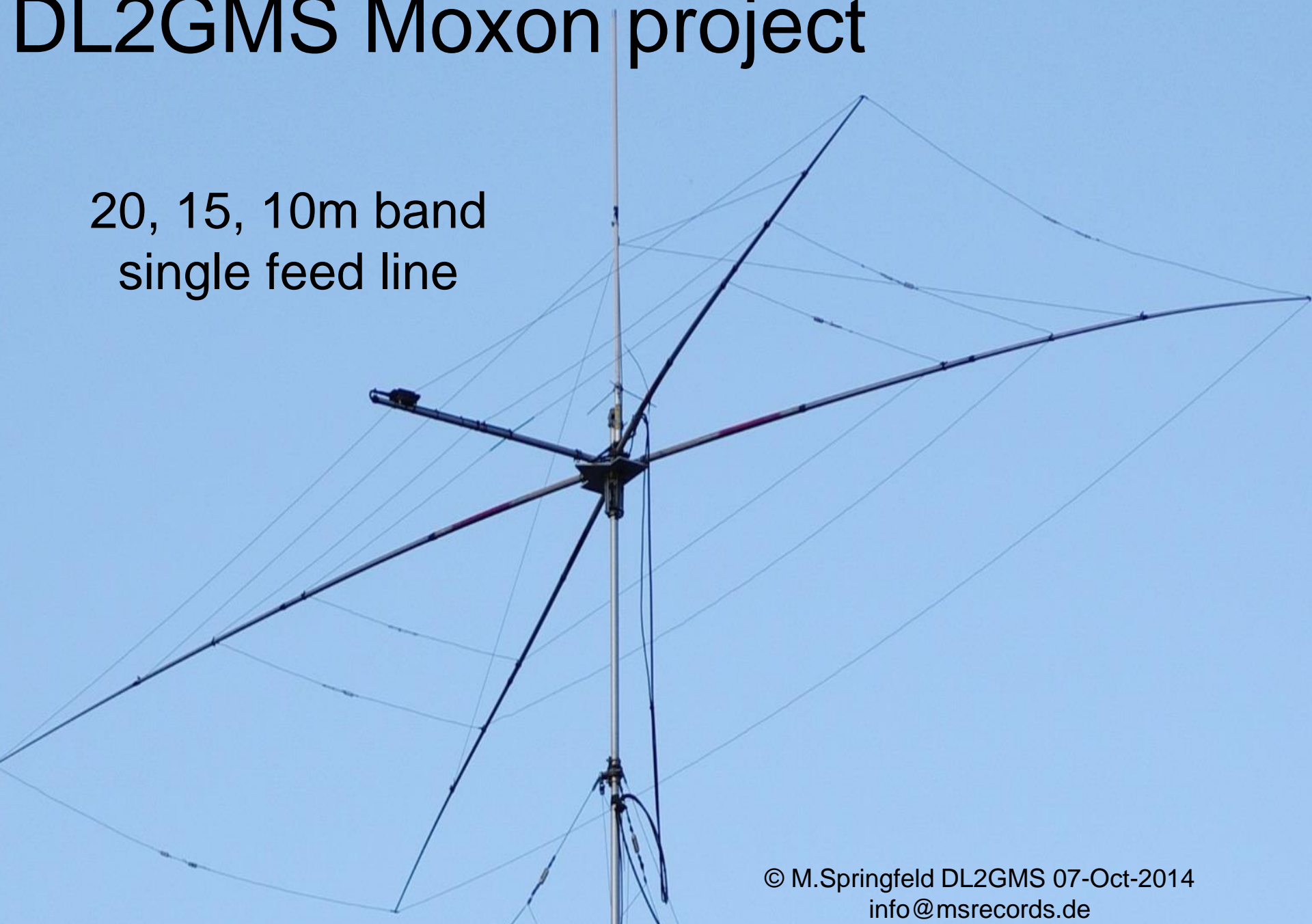
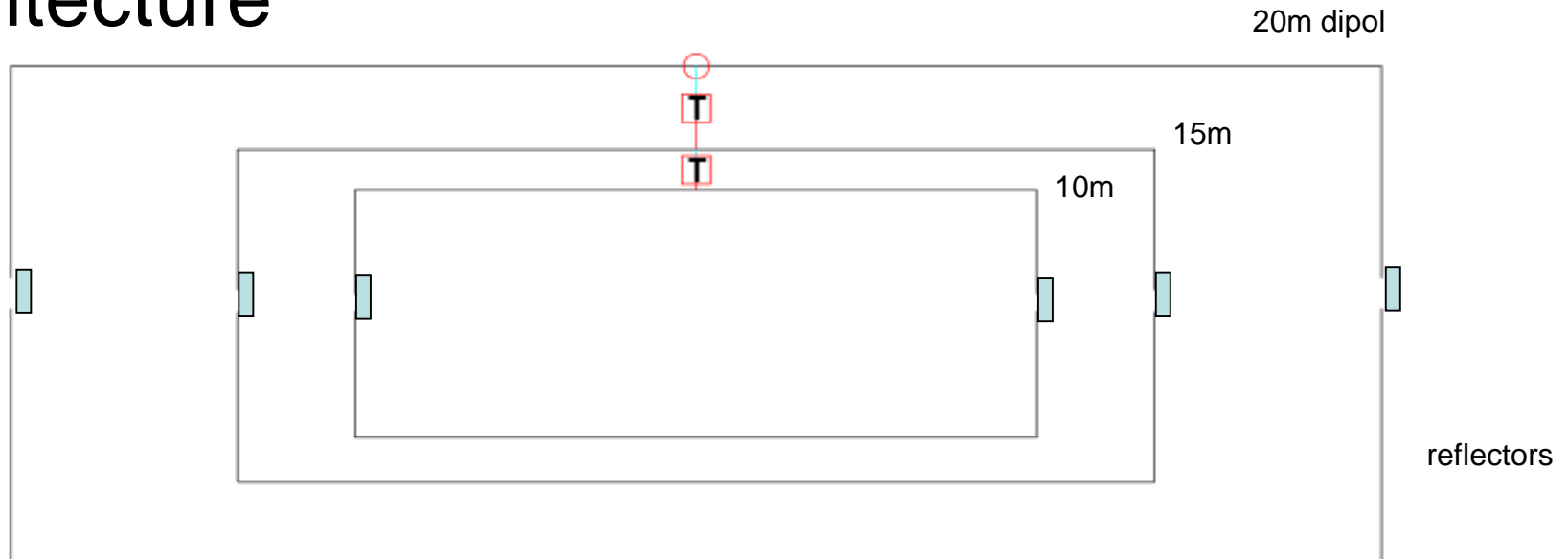


DL2GMS Moxon project





20, 15, 10m band
single feed line

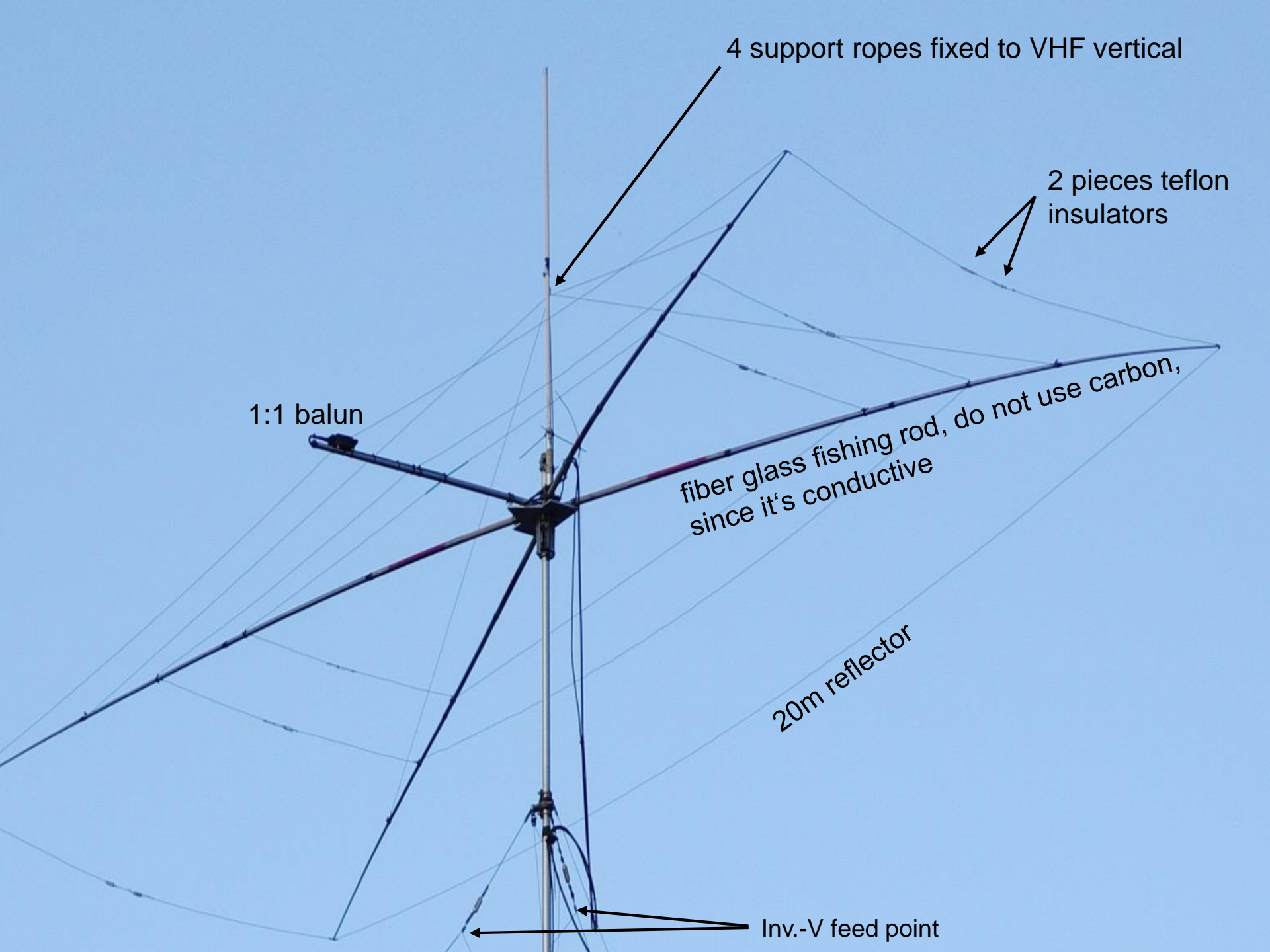


Architecture



Moxon Rectangle

-  insulator made out of teflon
-  bronze wire without insulation 1,5 mm²
-  Transmission Line, 50 Ω symmetrical
-  1:1 balun homemade current and voltage balun in series



4 support ropes fixed to VHF vertical

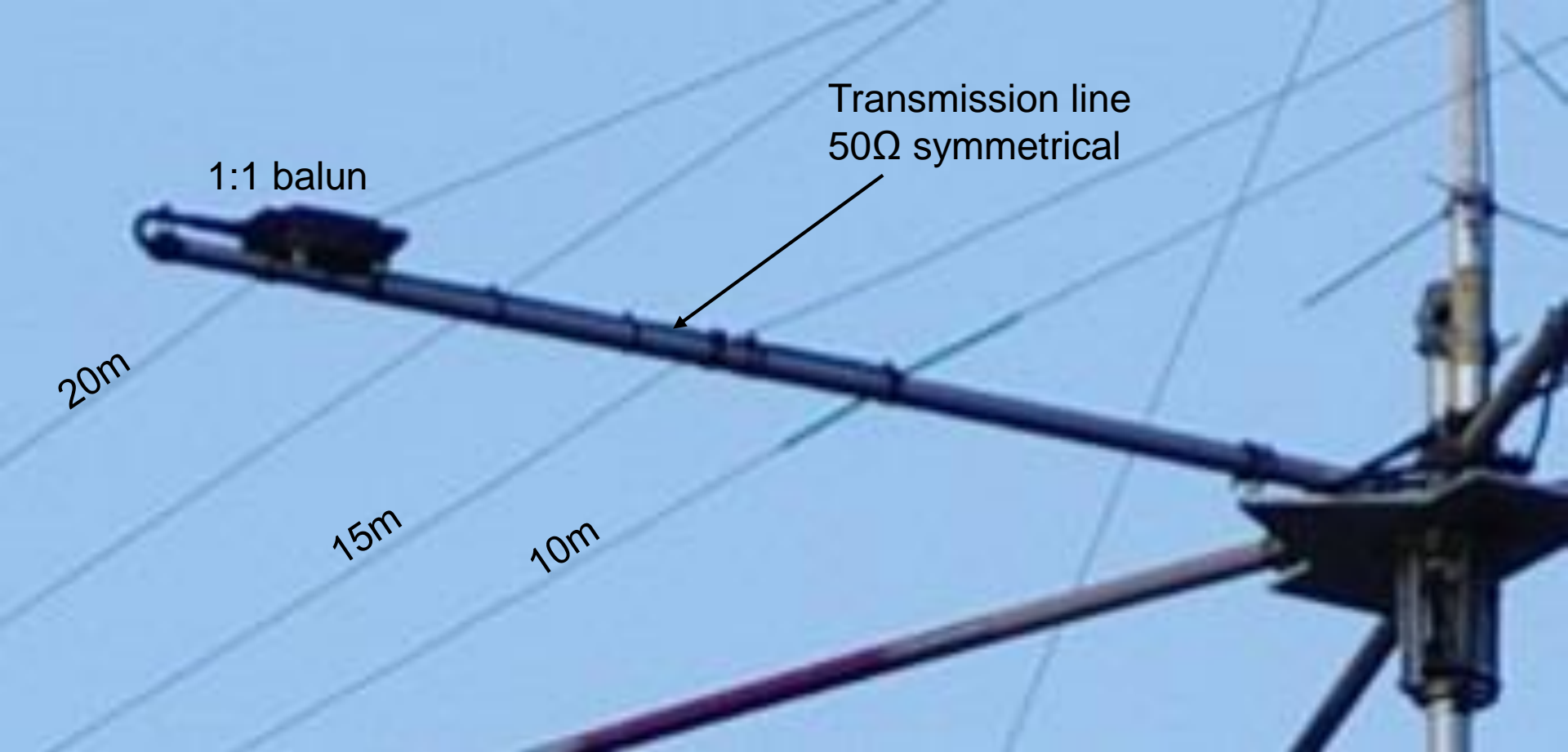
2 pieces teflon
insulators

1:1 balun

fiber glass fishing rod, do not use carbon,
since it's conductive

20m reflector

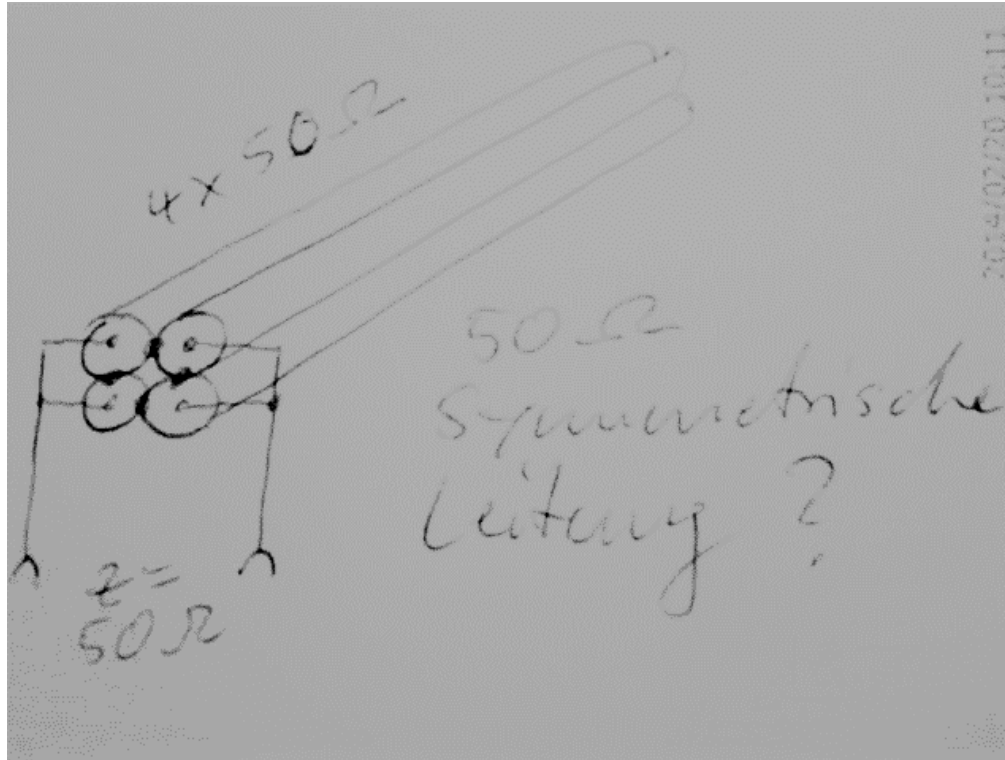
Inv.-V feed point



The three dipoles are connected to the parallel transmission line, fed by the balun.

Connecting the three dipoles together...

- ... because I prefer a single feed line for all three bands.

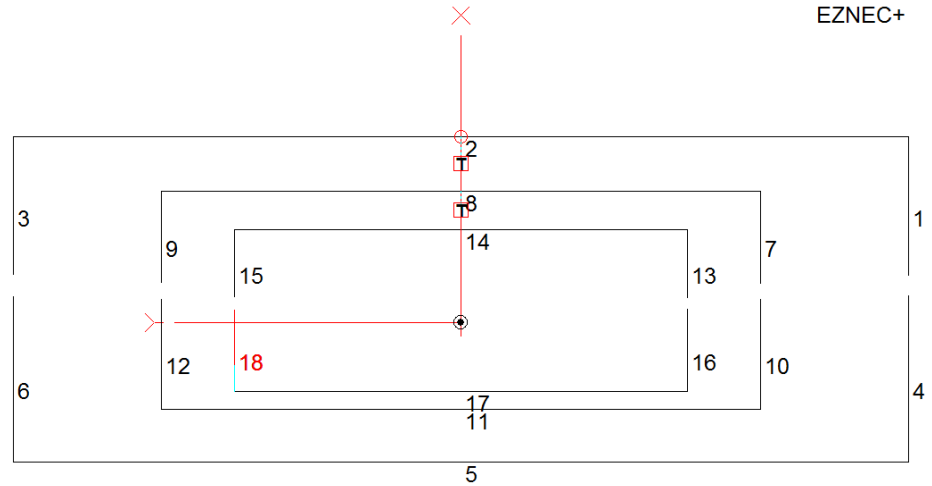


The 50 Ω transmission line is made out of two pairs standard 50 Ω Coax Cable. Do **not** use standard symmetric cable with some hundred Ω impedance. This will end up in unwanted transformation and in detuned Moxon, unexpected directivity included. I've been down to this road ☺

Dimensions...

Dimensions might not be fully optimized, however, it works fine for me.

Note the small distance between wire #11 and #17 (reflectors for 10 and 15m)



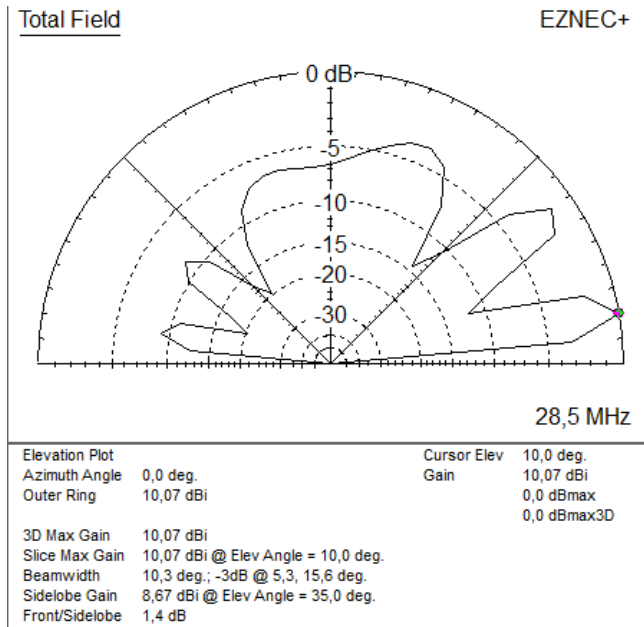
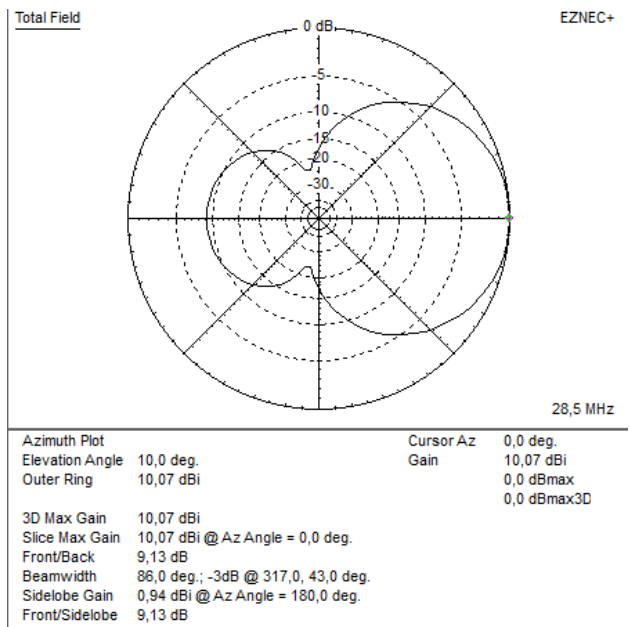
No.	End 1				End 2				Diameter (mm)	Segs	Insulation	
	X (m)	Y (m)	Z (m)	Conn	X (m)	Y (m)	Z (m)	Conn			Diel C	Thk (mm)
1	0,6029	-3,85525	14		1,7904	-3,85525	14	W2E1	1,5	4	1	0
2	1,7904	-3,85525	14	W1E2	1,7904	3,85525	14	W3E1	1,5	27	1	0
3	1,7904	3,85525	14	W2E2	0,6029	3,85525	14		1,5	4	1	0
4	0,4242	-3,85525	14		-1	-3,85525	14	W5E1	1,5	5	1	0
5	-1	-3,85525	14	W4E2	-1	3,85525	14	W6E1	1,5	26	1	0
6	-1	3,85525	14	W5E2	0,4242	3,85525	14		1,5	5	1	0
7	0,5322	-2,5794	14		1,3222	-2,5794	14	W8E1	1,5	3	1	0
8	1,3222	-2,5794	14	W7E2	1,3222	2,57945	14	W9E1	1,5	19	1	0
9	1,3222	2,57945	14	W8E2	0,5322	2,57945	14		1,5	3	1	0
10	-0,55	-2,5794	14	W11E1	0,4064	-2,5794	14		1,5	4	1	0
11	-0,55	-2,5794	14	W10E1	-0,55	2,57945	14	W12E1	1,5	18	1	0
12	-0,55	2,57945	14	W11E2	0,4064	2,57945	14		1,5	4	1	0
13	0,4104	-1,95	14		0,9942	-1,95	14	W14E1	1,5	2	1	0
14	0,9942	-1,95	14	W13E2	0,9942	1,95	14	W15E1	1,5	13	1	0
15	0,9942	1,95	14	W14E2	0,4104	1,95	14		1,5	2	1	0
16	0,3128	-1,95	14		-0,4	-1,95	14	W17E1	1,5	3	1	0
17	-0,4	-1,95	14	W16E2	-0,4	1,95	14	W18E1	1,5	13	1	0
18	-0,4	1,95	14	W17E2	0,3128	1,95	14		1,5	3	1	0

20

15

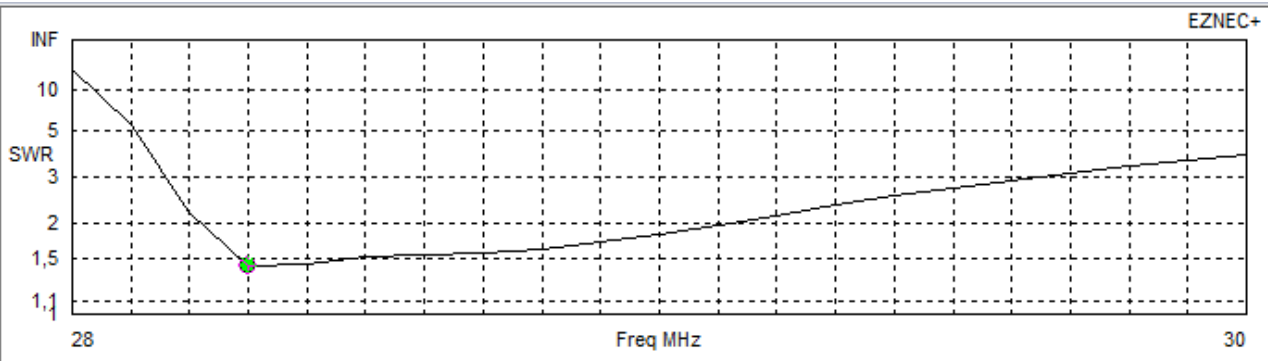
10

Expectations... 10m band



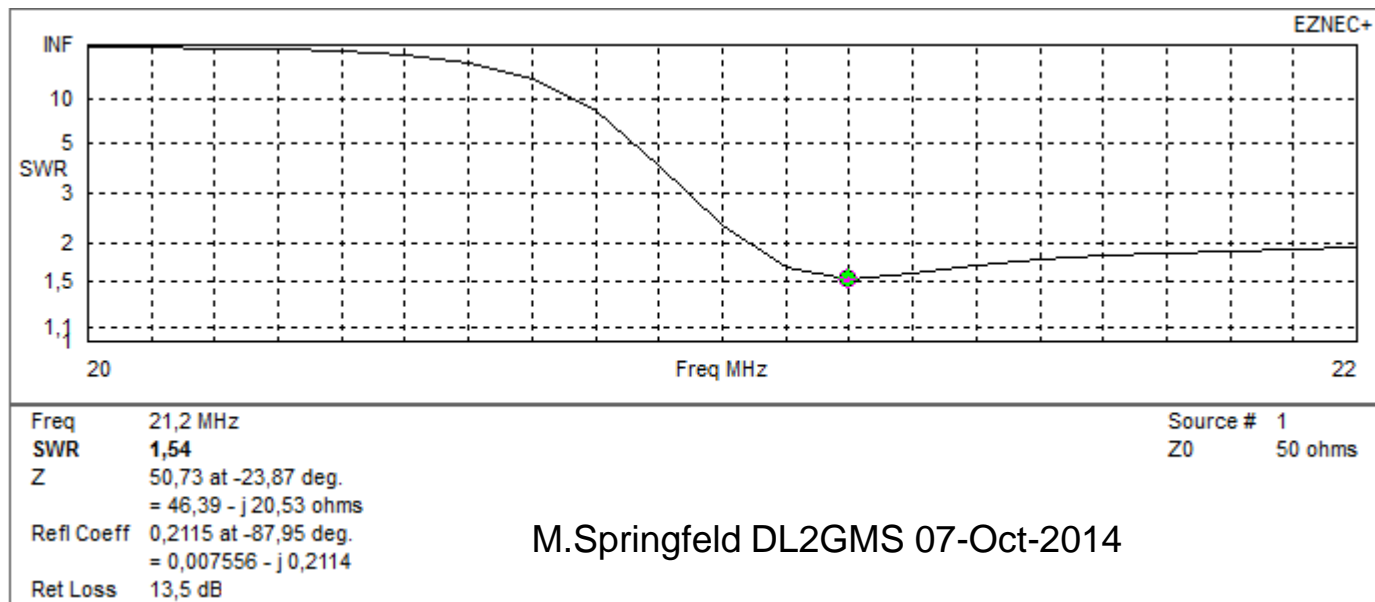
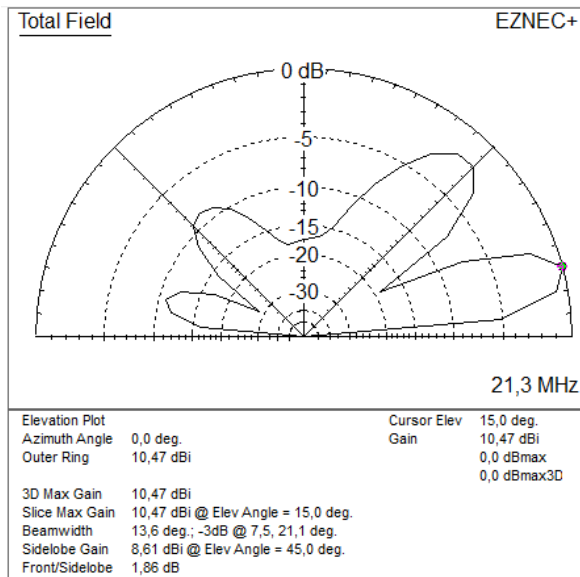
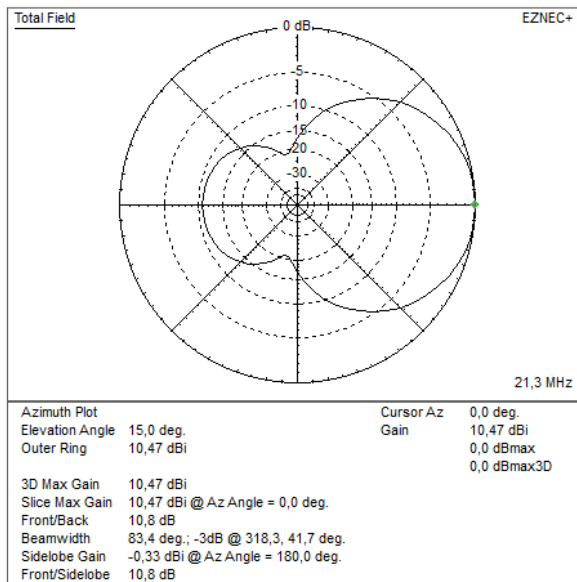
- Z0
- 50 ohms
 - Alt (75 ohms)

1
Source #



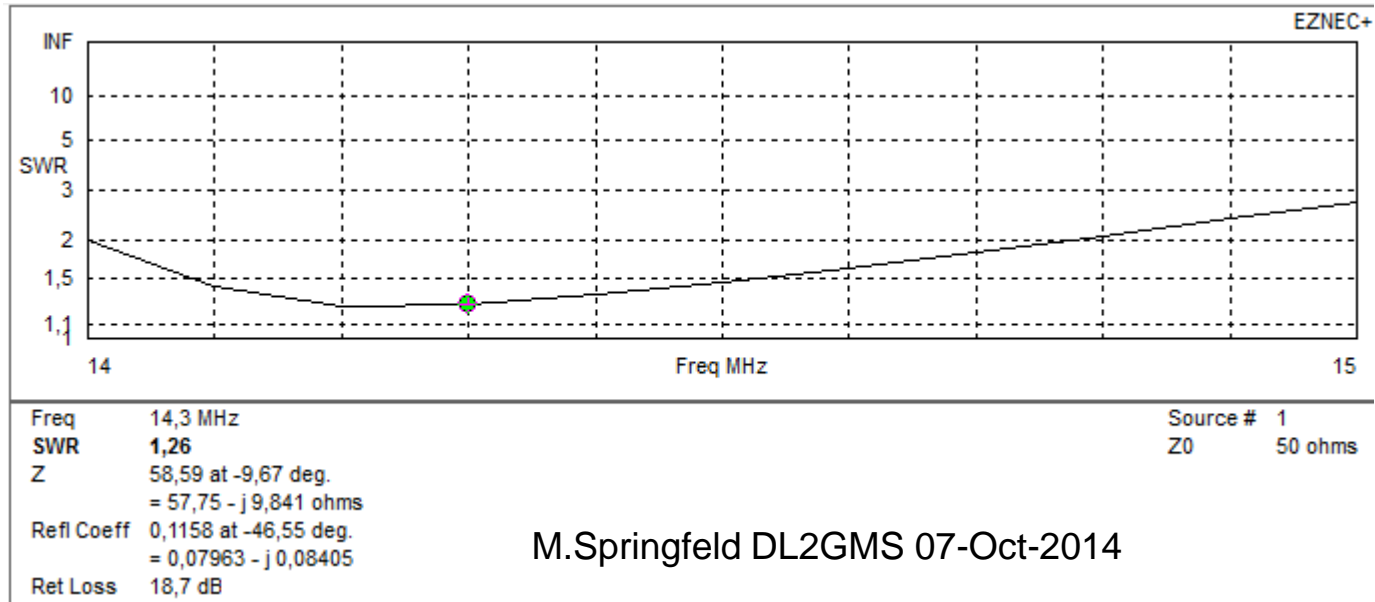
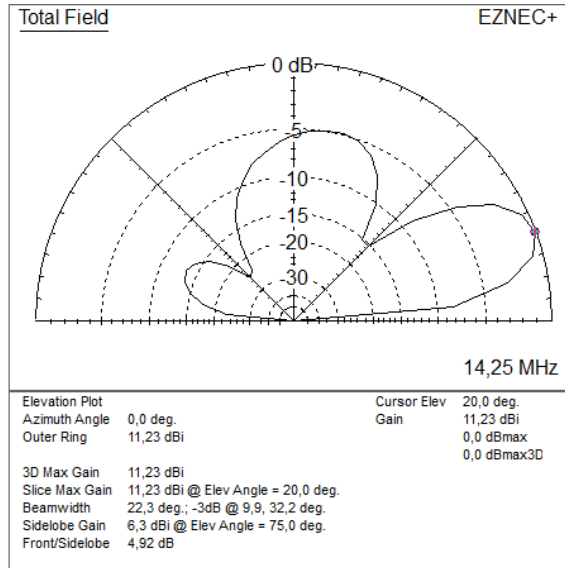
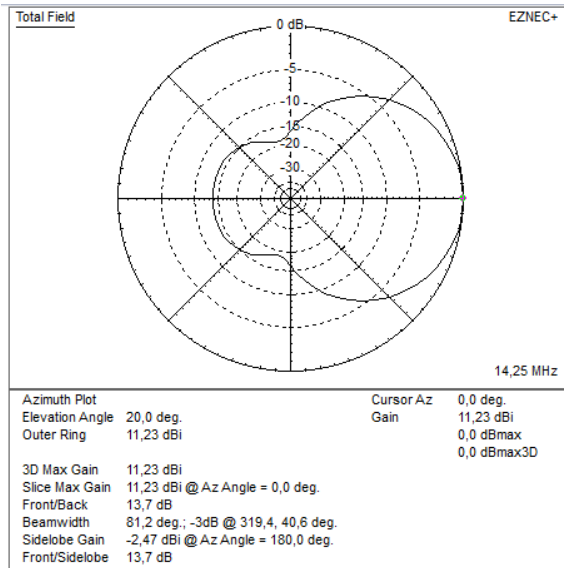
Freq	28,3 MHz	Source #	1
SWR	1,44	Z0	50 ohms
Z	40,05 at -16,0 deg. = 38,5 - j 11,04 ohms		
Refl Coeff	0,1787 at -129,07 deg. = -0,1126 - j 0,1388		
Ret Loss	15,0 dB		

Expectations... 15m band



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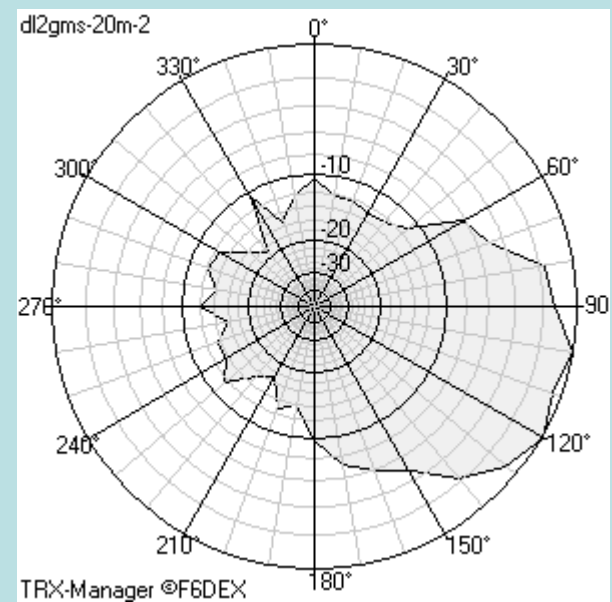
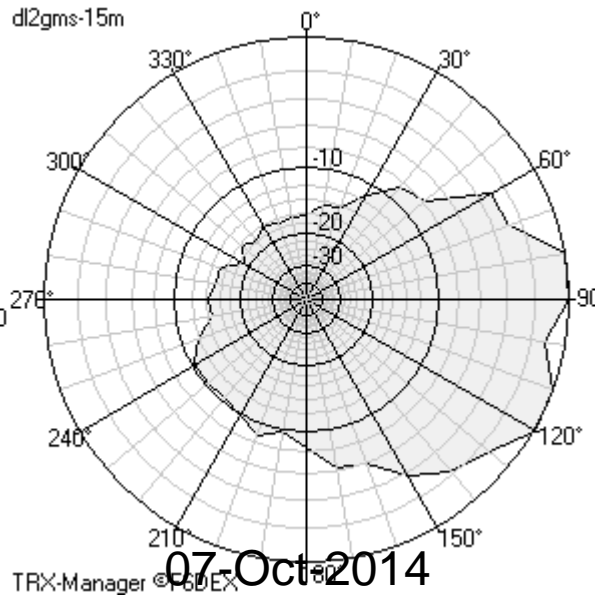
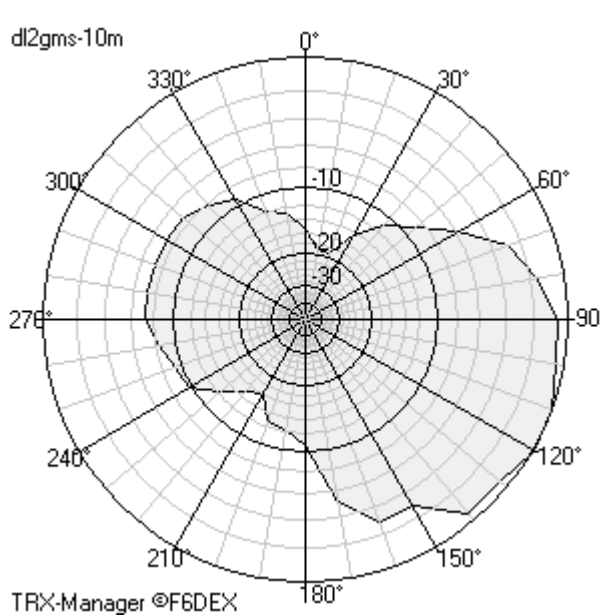
Expectations... 20m band



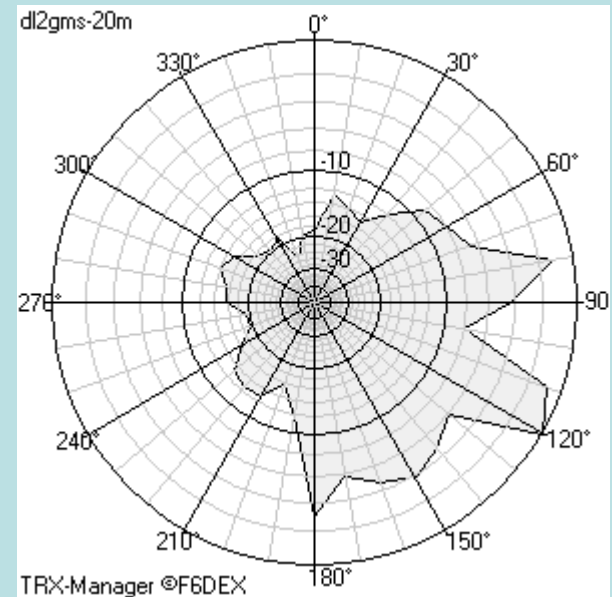
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...Reality...

measured pattern, ground wave, rcv. stn. DK0TE, distance 17km, bearing 112°



Inv.-V feed line without short circuit:



The 2 diagrams on 20m band show the interaction with the inv-V, mounted below the Moxon. Inv.-V feed line with and without short circuit.

Measurements performed with the great support of Hardy, DL1GLH and DK2WT for earlier draft pattern records.

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Old rotor adapter



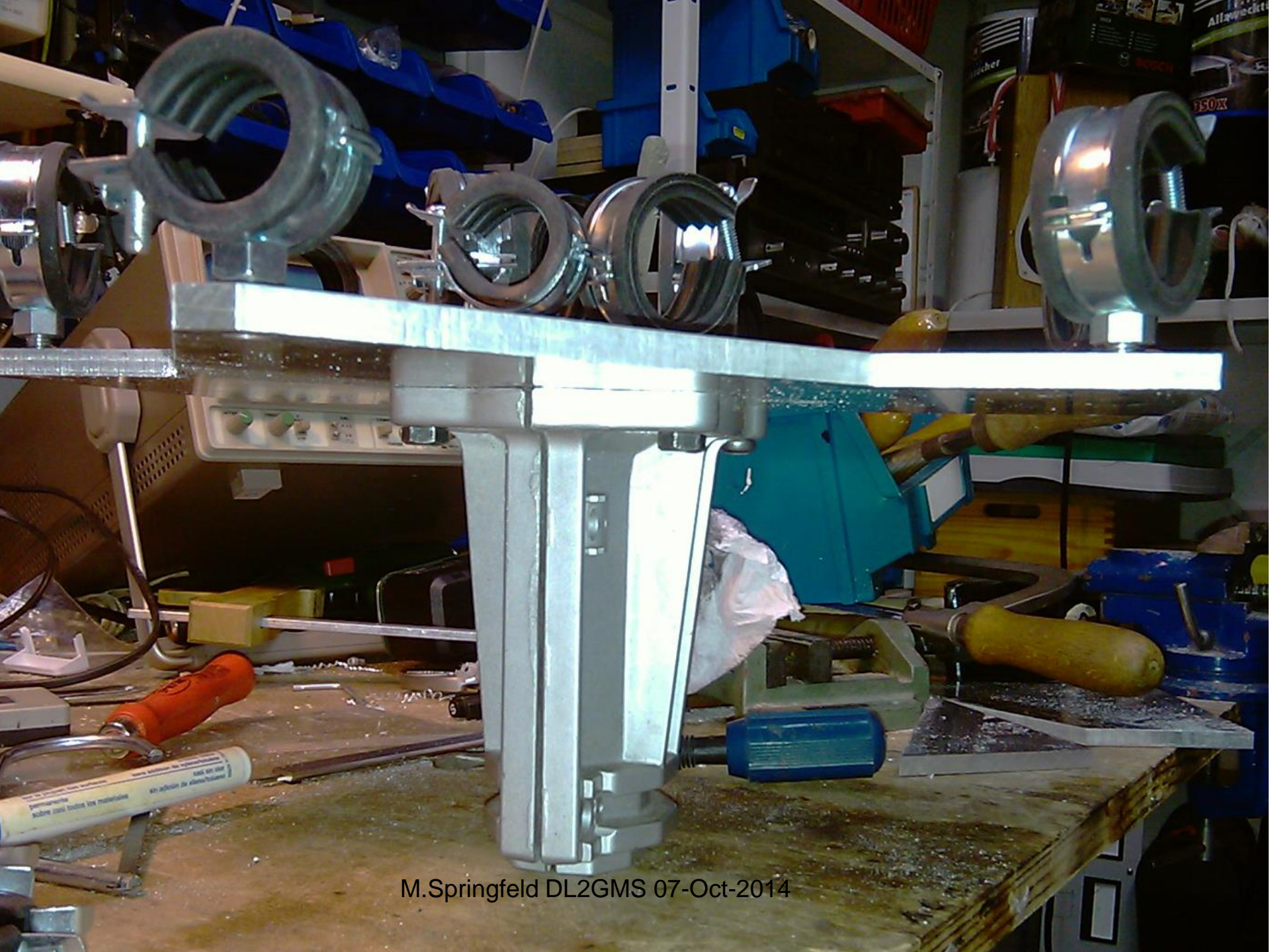
10mm aluminium plate



2012/04/01 19:48



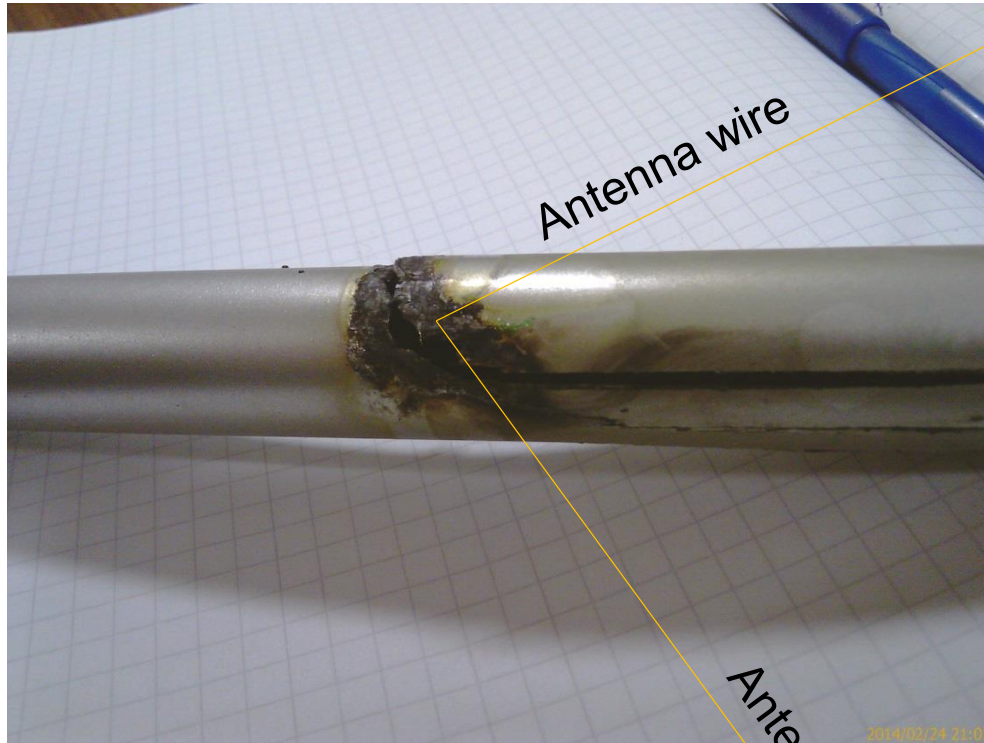
2012/04/09 18:23



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Power... maybe a bit too much...

...with a nice dielectric breakdown...



...followed by a mechanical failure of one fibre rod...

...therefore, the use of **adequate insulation material** between the antenna wire and fiber rod is recommended